

DATA SHEET



RoHS2 Compliant

MINIATURE SIGNAL RELAY

ED2/EF2 SERIES

COMPACT SIZE, SLIM-PACKAGE, LOW POWER CONSUMPTION

DESCRIPTION

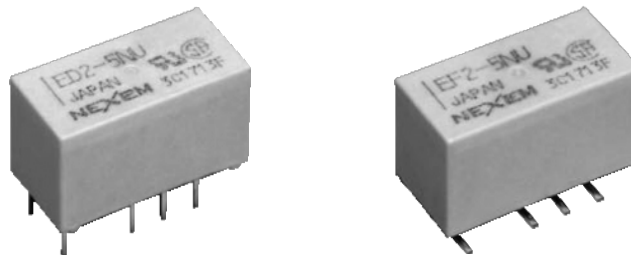
NEXEM ED2/EF2 relay has reduced coil power consumption based compact and slim.

FEATURES

- Compact and light weight
- FCC (1500 V) and Telcordia (2500 V) surge capacity
- UL recognized and CSA certified
- Low power consumption (50-70 mW)
- Basic insulation class for EN62368-1
- Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB) packaged EF2 relays meet moisture sensibility level (MSL) of IPC/JEDEC-STD-020.

APPLICATIONS

Electronic switching systems, PBX, Terminal equipment, Telephone system



For Right Use of Miniature Relays

DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM RATINGS.

Do not use relays under exceeding conditions such as over ambient temperature, over voltage and over current. Incorrect use could result in abnormal heating, damage to related parts or cause burning.

READ CAUTIONS IN THE SELECTION GUIDE.

Read the cautions described in EM Devices' "Miniature Relays" when you choose relays for your application.

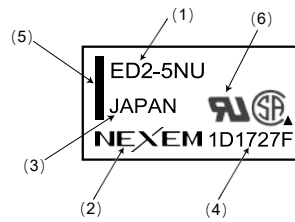
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MARKINGS (Top view)



- (1) Part number
- (2) Manufacturer
- (3) Country of origin
- (4) Date code
- (5) Direction mark (pin No. 1 and 12)
- (6) UL, CSA marking

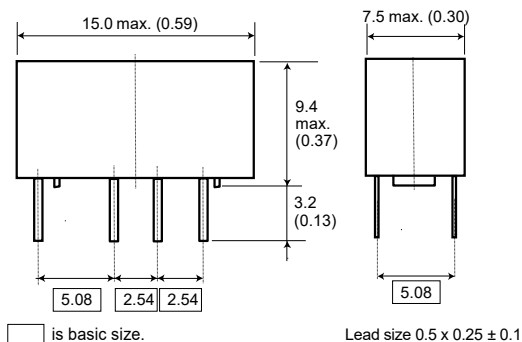
DIMENSIONS

● ED2 SERIES

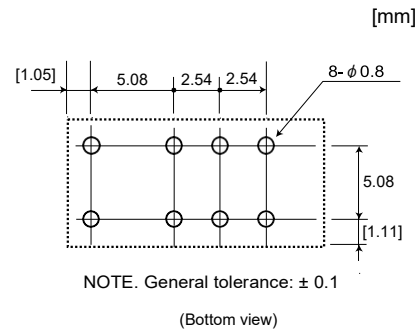
Unit: mm (inch)

DIMENSIONS

STANDARD / TRIMMED LEAD TYPE

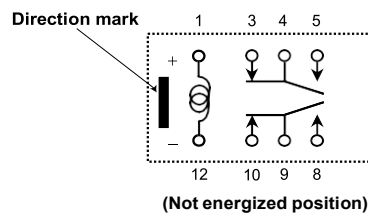


PAD LAYOUTS (Bottom view)



PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Bottom view)

Non-latch type



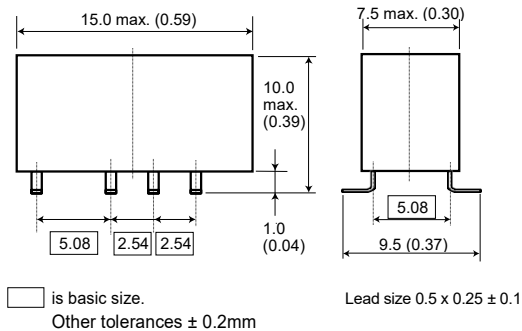
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● **EF2 SERIES**

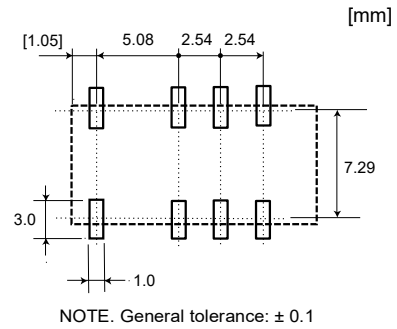
Unit: mm (inch)

DIMENSIONS

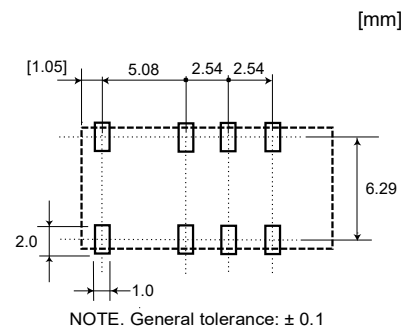
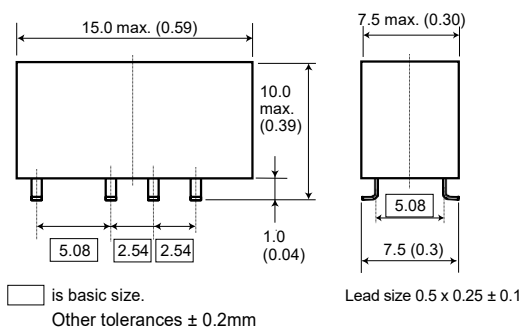
STANDARD



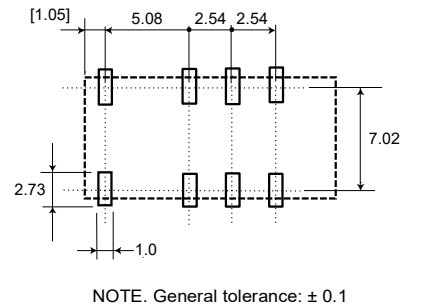
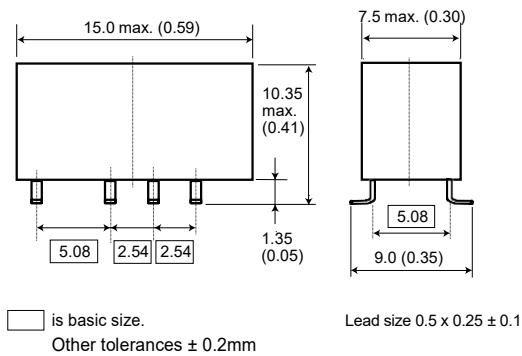
PAD LAYOUTS (Top view)



MINIMUM FOOTPRINT TYPE

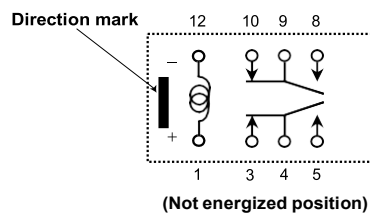


HIGH SOLDER JOINT RELIABILITY TYPE



PIN CONFIGURATIONS (Top view)

Non-latch type



GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Contact Form	2 Form C	
Contact Material	Silver alloy with gold alloy overlay	
Maximum Switching Power	30 W, 62.5 VA (resistive)	
Maximum Switching Voltage	220 VDC, 250 VAC	
Maximum Switching Current	1 A	
Maximum Carrying Current	2 A	
Minimum Contact Ratings	10 m VDC, 10 μ A *1	
Initial Contact Resistance	75 m Ω max. (Initial)	
Operate Time (Excluding bounce)	Approx. 3 ms	
Release Time (Excluding bounce)	Approx. 2 ms (Without diode)	
Insulation Resistance	1000 M Ω at 500 VDC	
Withstanding Voltage	Between open contacts	1000 VAC (for one minute), 1500 V surge (10x160 μ s *2)
	Between adjacent contacts	1000 VAC (for one minute), 1500 V surge (10x160 μ s *2)
	Between coil and contacts	1500 VAC (for one minute), 2500 V surge (2x10 μ s *3)
Shock Resistance		735 m/s ² (75G) (misoperation)
		980 m/s ² (100G) (destructive failure)
Vibration Resistance		10 to 55 Hz, double amplitude 3 mm (196 m/s ²) (misoperation)
		10 to 55 Hz, double amplitude 5 mm (294 m/s ²) (destructive failure)
Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85 °C	
Coil Temperature Rise	7 °C / 50mW, 8 °C / 60mW, 9 °C / 70mW	
Running Specifications	Non-load	1x10 ⁸ operations *4
	Load	50 VDC 0.1A (resistive), 1x10 ⁶ operations at 85°C, 5Hz
		10 VDC 10mA (resistive), 1x10 ⁶ operations at 85°C, 2Hz
Weight	Approx. 2.2 g	

* 1 This value is a reference value in the resistive load.

Minimum capacity changes depending on switching frequency and environment temperature and the load.

* 2 rise time: 10 μ s, decay time to half crest: 160 μ s

* 3 rise time: 2 μ s, decay time to half crest: 10 μ s

* 4 This shows the number of operations with fatal defects. Stable characteristics are maintained for 1 × 10⁷ operations.

COIL SPECIFICATIONS

Non-latch Type

at 20°C

Nominal Coil Voltage (VDC)	Coil Resistance (Ω) \pm 10%	Must Operate Voltage* (VDC)	Must Release Voltage* (VDC)	Nominal Operating Power (mW)
1.5	45	1.13	0.15	50
3	180	2.25	0.3	50
4.5	405	3.38	0.45	50
5	500	3.75	0.5	50
9	1473	6.75	0.9	55
12	2400	9.0	1.2	60
24	8229	18.0	2.4	70

Note *Test by pulse voltage



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SAFETY STANDARD AND RATING

UL Recognized (UL508) * File No E73266	CSA Certified (CSA C22.2 No14) File No LR46266
30 VDC, 1 A (Resistive) 110 VDC, 0.3 A (Resistive) 125 VAC, 0.5 A (Resistive)	

* Spacing: UL114, UL748

TUV Certificate (EN61810-1)
No. R9950557
Non-latch type
Creepage and clearance of coil to contact is more than 2 mm. (According to EN62368-1)
Basic insulation class

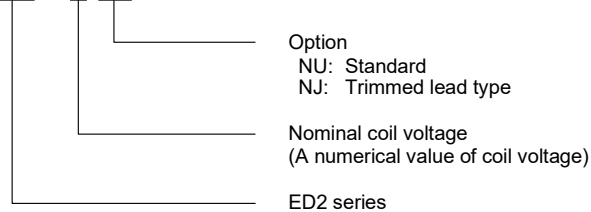
RECOMMENDED RELAY DRIVE CONDITIONS

Drive under conditions.

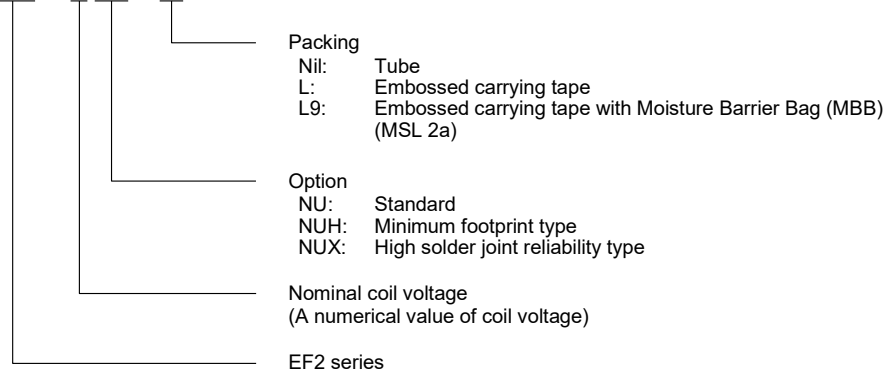
Non-latch type	Voltage: within $\pm 5\%$ of nominal voltage	Ambient temperature - 40 to +85 °C
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PART NUMBER SYSTEM

ED2 - 3 NU



EF2 - 3 NU - L



ORDERING PART NUMBERS

□ ED2 series

Option		Nominal Coil Voltage(VDC)	Coil Type
Terminal	Packing		Non-latch
Standard	Tube	1.5	ED2-1.5NU
		3	ED2-3NU
		4.5	ED2-4.5NU
		5	ED2-5NU
		9	ED2-9NU
		12	ED2-12NU
		24	ED2-24NU
Trimmed lead		1.5	ED2-1.5NJ
		3	ED2-3NJ
		4.5	ED2-4.5NJ
		5	ED2-5NJ
		9	ED2-9NU
		12	ED2-12NJ
		24	ED2-24NJ

□ EF2 series

Option		Nominal Coil Voltage (VDC)	Coil Type
Terminal	Packing		
Standard	Tube	1.5	EF2-1.5NU
		3	EF2-3NU
		4.5	EF2-4.5NU
		5	EF2-5NU
		9	EF2-9NU
		12	EF2-12NU
		24	EF2-24NU
	Taping	1.5	EF2-1.5NU-L
		3	EF2-3NU-L
		4.5	EF2-4.5NU-L
		5	EF2-5NU-L
		9	EF2-9NU-L
		12	EF2-12NU-L
		24	EF2-24NU-L
	Taping (MBB)	1.5	EF2-1.5NU-L9
		3	EF2-3NU-L9
		4.5	EF2-4.5NU-L9
		5	EF2-5NU-L9
		9	EF2-9NU-L9
		12	EF2-12NU-L9
		24	EF2-24NU-L9



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□ EF2 series

Option		Nominal Coil Voltage (VDC)	Coil Type
Terminal	Packing		
Minimum footprint	Tube	1.5	EF2-1.5NUH
		3	EF2-3NUH
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUH
		5	EF2-5NUH
		9	EF2-9NUH
		12	EF2-12NUH
		24	EF2-24NUH
	Taping	1.5	EF2-1.5NUH-L
		3	EF2-3NUH-L
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUH-L
		5	EF2-5NUH-L
		9	EF2-9NUH-L
		12	EF2-12NUH-L
		24	EF2-24NUH-L
	Taping (MBB)	1.5	EF2-1.5NUH-L9
		3	EF2-3NUH-L9
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUH-L9
		5	EF2-5NUH-L9
		9	EF2-9NUH-L9
		12	EF2-12NUH-L9
		24	EF2-24NUH-L9
High Solder joint reliability	Tube	1.5	EF2-1.5NUX
		3	EF2-3NUX
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUX
		5	EF2-5NUX
		9	EF2-9NUX
		12	EF2-12NUX
		24	EF2-24NUX
	Taping	1.5	EF2-1.5NUX-L
		3	EF2-3NUX-L
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUX-L
		5	EF2-5NUX-L
		9	EF2-9NUX-L
		12	EF2-12NUX-L
		24	EF2-24NUX-L
	Taping (MBB)	1.5	EF2-1.5NUX-L9
		3	EF2-3NUX-L9
		4.5	EF2-4.5NUX-L9
		5	EF2-5NUX-L9
		9	EF2-9NUX-L9
		12	EF2-12NUX-L9
		24	EF2-24NUX-L9

Note:

1. Only MBB packaging part numbers meet MSL (L9: MSL 2a). However, it does not fully conform to JEDEC standards such as classification temperature. Please note that part numbers other without MBB packaging do not meet MSL.

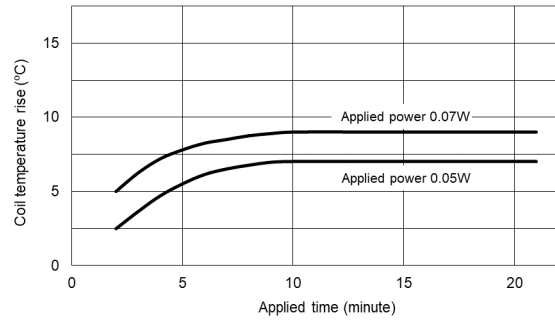
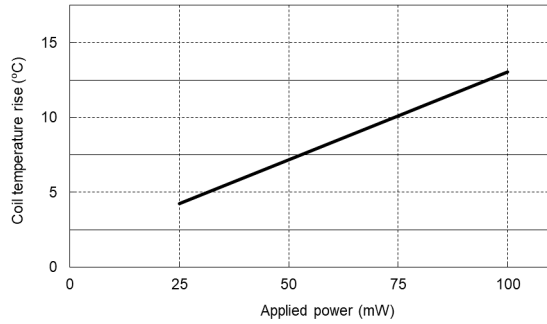


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PERFORMANCE DATA

□ COIL TEMPERATURE RISE

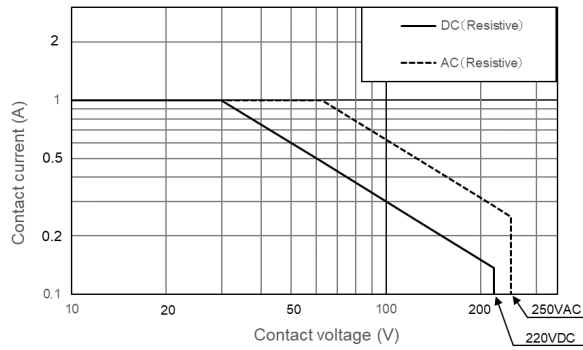
Temperature is measured by coil resistance.



□ SWITCHING CAPACITY

This is allowed maximum value.

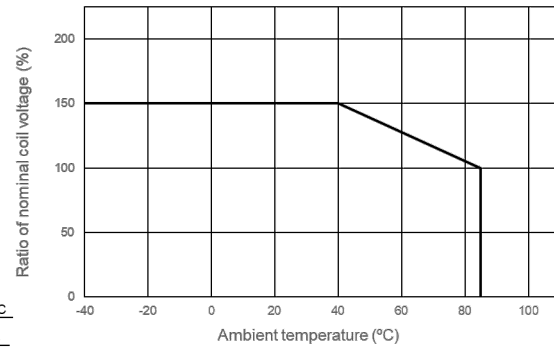
Inquire with EM Devices for maximum value under continuous use.



□ MAXIMUM COIL VOLTAGE

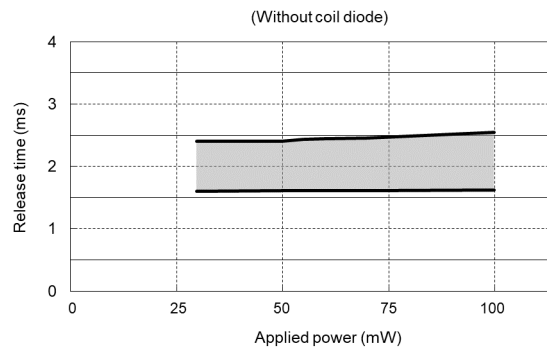
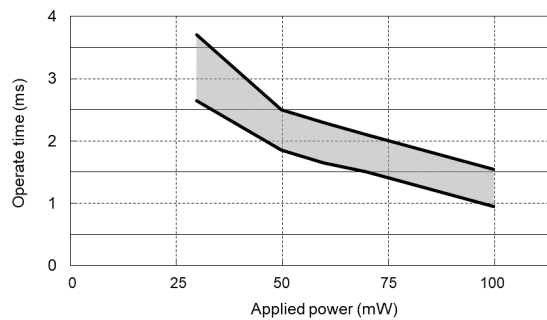
This is a maximum value of permissible alteration.

Inquire with EM Devices under continuous use.



□ APPLIED POWER VS. TIMING

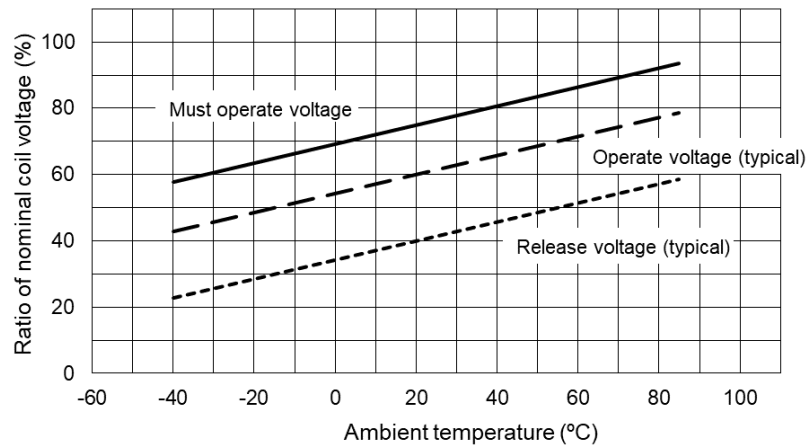
(Sample: ED2-5NU)



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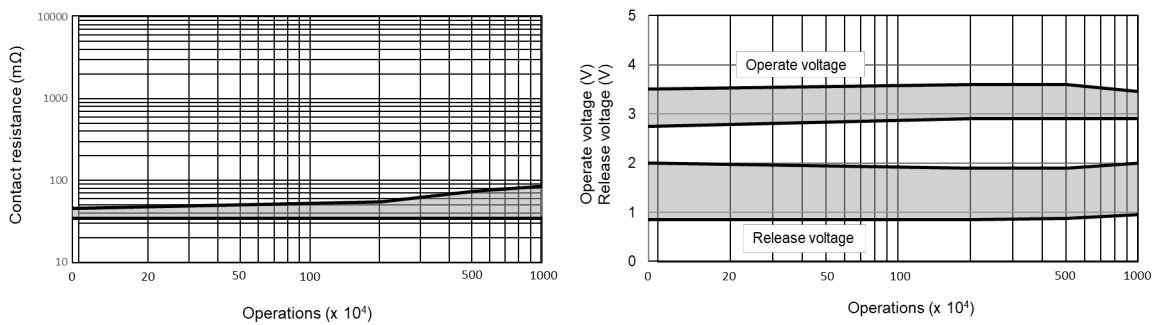
□ OPERATE AND RELEASE VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

This shows a typical change of operate (release) voltage. The value of must operate is estimated, so coil voltage must be applied more than this value for safety operation. For hot start operation, please inquire with EM Devices.



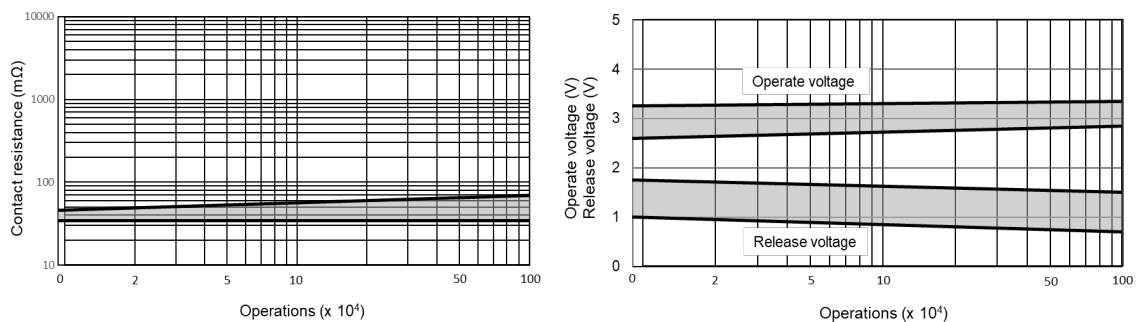
□ RUNNING TEST (Non-load)

(Load: none, Drive: 5VDC, 50Hz, 50%duty, Ambient temperature: room temperature, Sample: ED2-5NU, 20pieces)



□ RUNNING TEST (Load)

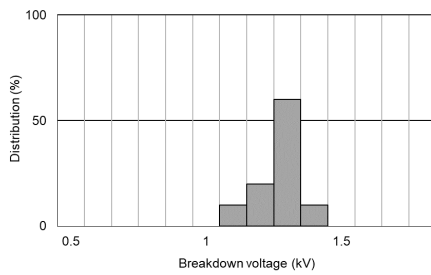
(Load: 50VDC 0.1A resistive, Drive: 5VDC, 5Hz, 50%duty, Ambient temperature: 85°C, Sample: ED2-5NU, 10pieces)



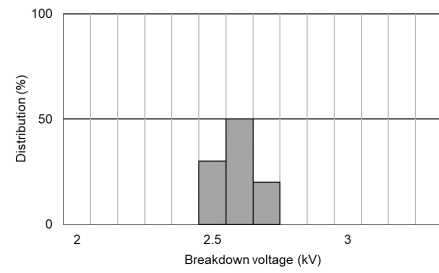
□ BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

Sample: ED2-5NU 10pieces

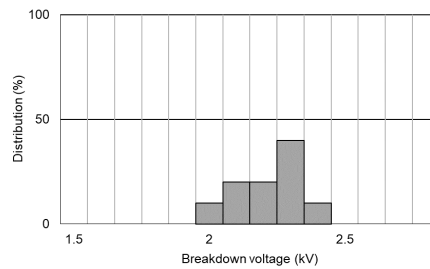
(a) Between open contacts



(b) Between adjacent contacts

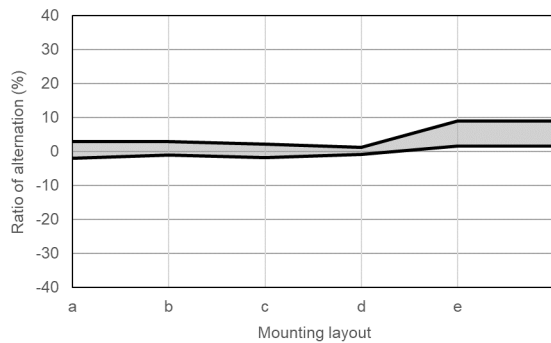


(c) Between coil and contacts

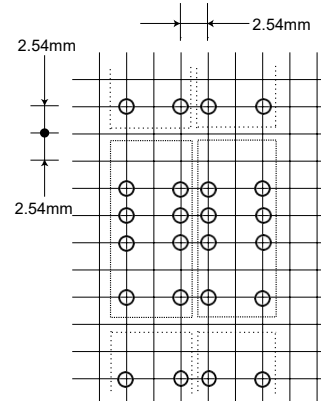
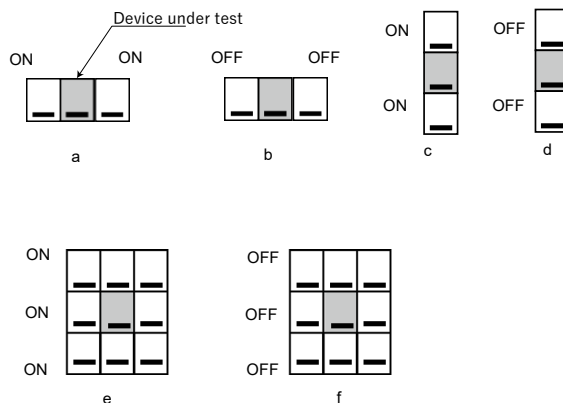
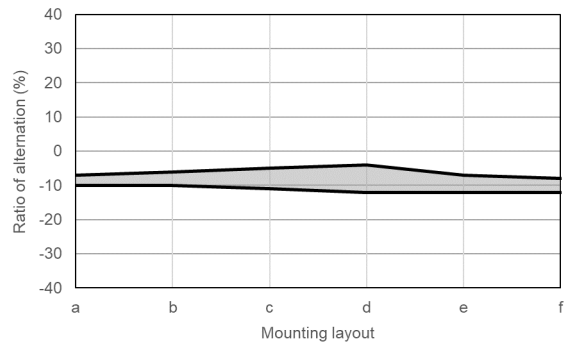


□ ALTERNATION OF VOLTAGE AT DENSELY MOUNTING (Magnet interference)

Alternation of operate voltage



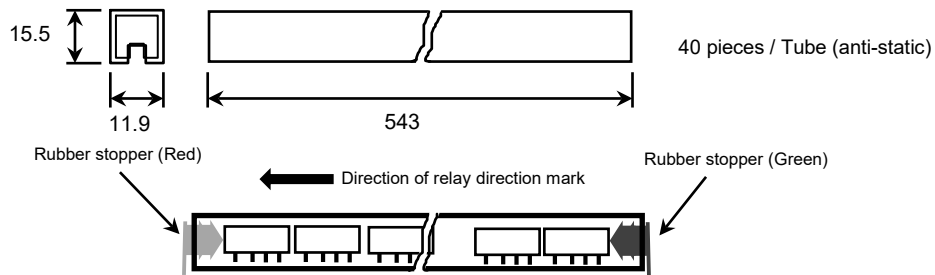
Alternation of release voltage



PACKING DIMENSIONS

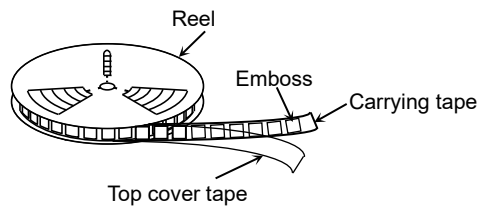
(Unit: mm)

TUBE PACKING (ED2/EF2)



TAPE PACKING (EF2)

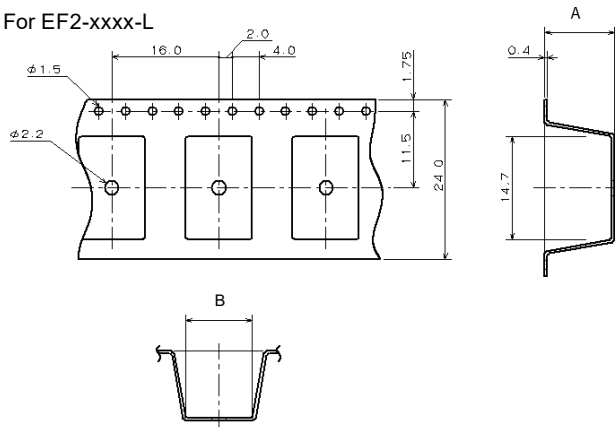
APPEARANCE



Reel material: Corrugated Cardboard (L)
 PS (L9: MBB)
 Relay quantity: 500 pieces / Reel
 L9 has two reels are sealed in one MBB.
 Reel diameter: 380mm

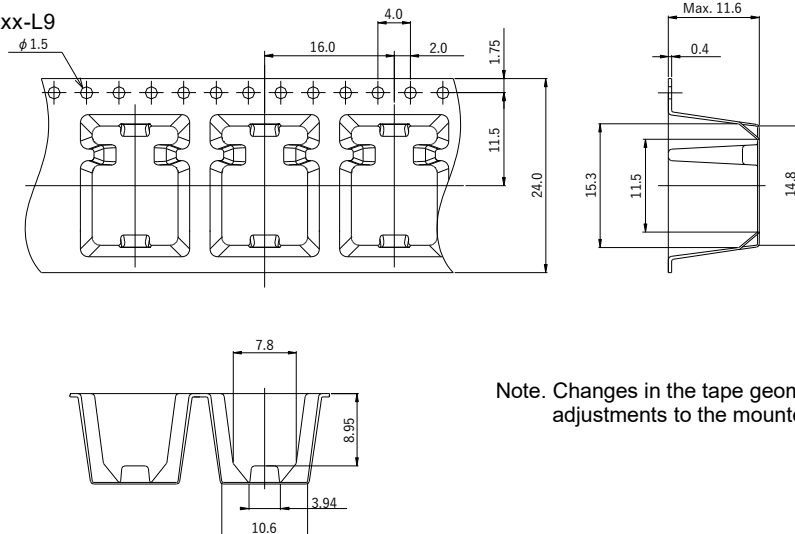
TAPE DIMENSIONS

For EF2-xxxx-L



	A	B
EF2-xxNU-L	Max.10.9	10.0
EF2-xxNUX-L		
EF2-xxNUH-L	Max.11.1	8.0

For EF2-xxxx-L9

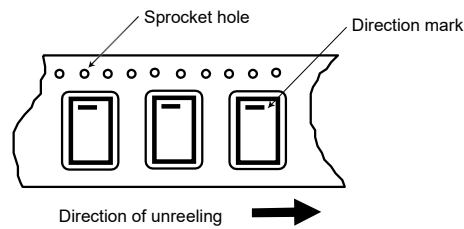


Note. Changes in the tape geometry may require adjustments to the mounted machine.



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RELAY DIRECTION AND TAPE CARRYING DIRECTION



SOLDERING TEMPERATURE CONDITION

THROUGH-HOLE MOUNTING (ED2)

1. Automatic soldering

Preheating: 110~ 120°C /110 s. (max.)
Solder temperature: 260°C max.
Solder time: 5 s max.

Note: EM Devices recommends cooling down a printed circuit board less than 110°C within 40 s after soldering.

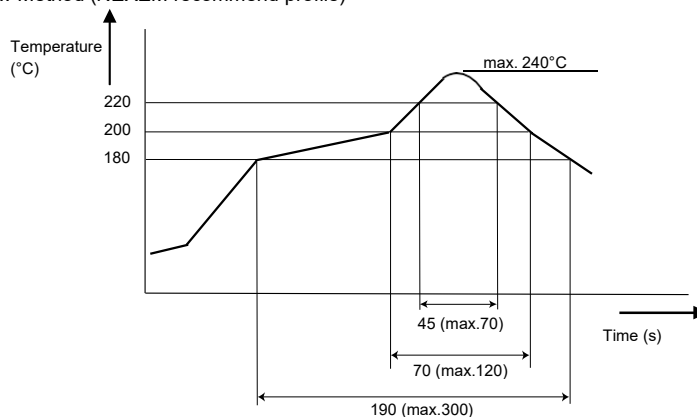
2. Manual soldering

Solder temperature: 350°C max.
Solder time: 3 s max.

Note: Heating of this product by automatic soldering and manual soldering is limited to a total of three times.

SURFACE-MOUNTING TYPE (EF2)

1. Reflow Method (NEXEM recommend profile)



Note:

1. Temperature profile shows printed circuit board surface temperature on the relay terminal portion.
2. Heating by reflow should be limited to two times. However, allow sufficient time for cooling of the product between the first and second reflow.
3. Check the actual soldering condition to use other method except above mentioned temperature profiles.



NOTE ON CORRECT USE

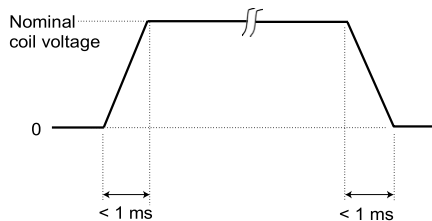
1. Notes on contact load

Make sure that the contact load is within the specified range; otherwise, the lifetime of the contacts will be shortened considerably.

Note that the running performance shown is an example, and that it varies depending on parameters such as the type of load, switching frequency, driver circuit, and ambient temperature under the actual operating conditions. Evaluate the performance by using the actual circuit before using the relay.

2. Driving relays

- If the internal connection diagram of a relay shows + and - symbols on the coil, apply the rated voltage to the relay in the specified direction. If a rippled DC current source is used, abnormalities such as beat at the coil may occur.
- The maximum voltage that can be applied to the coil of the relay varies depending on the ambient temperature. Generally, the higher the voltage applied to the coil, the shorter the operating time. Note, however, that a high voltage also increases the bounce of the contacts and the contact opening and closing frequency, which may shorten the lifetime of the contacts.
- If the driving voltage waveform of the relay coil rises and falls gradually, the inherent performance of the relay may not be fully realized. Make sure that the voltage waveform instantaneously rises and falls as a pulse.



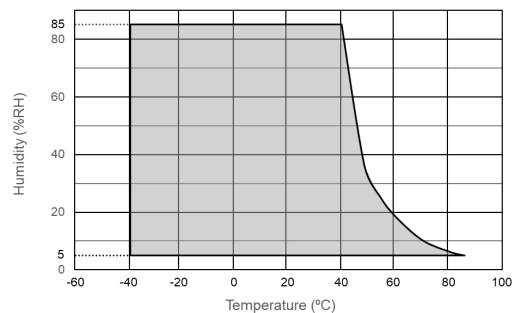
- For a latching relay, apply a voltage to the coil according to the polarity specified in the internal connection diagram of the relay.
- If a current is applied to the coil over a long period of time, the coil temperature rises, promoting generation of organic gas inside the relay, which may result in faulty contacts. In this case, use of a latching relay is recommended.
- The operating time and release time indicate the time required for each contact to close after the voltage has been applied to or removed from the coil. However, because the relay has a mechanical structure, a bounce state exists at the end of the operating and release times. Furthermore, because additional time is required until the contact stabilizes after being in a high-resistance state, care must be taken when using the relay at high speeds.

3. Operating environment

- Make sure that the relay mounted in the application set is used within the specified temperature range. Use of a relay at a temperature outside this range may adversely affect

insulation or contact performance.

- If the relay is used for a long period of time in highly humid (RH 85% or higher) environment, moisture may be absorbed into the relay. This moisture may react with the NOx and SOx generated by glow discharges that occur when the contacts are opened or closed, producing nitric or sulfuric acid. If this happens, the acid produced may corrode the metallic parts of the relay, causing operational malfunction.
- If any material containing silicone (silicone rubber, silicone oil, and silicone-based coating material) is used in the neighborhood of relay, there is some possibility that these materials will emit silicone gas that will penetrate the relay. In this case, the switching contact may generate silicon compounds on the surface of contacts. This silicon compound may result in contact failure. Avoid use of relay in such an environment.
- Because the operating temperature range varies depending on the humidity, use the relay in the temperature range illustrated in the figure below. Prevent the relay from being frozen and avoid the generation of condensation.



- The same applies when the relay is stored or transported. Keep the upper-limit value of the temperature to which the relay is exposed after it is removed from the carton box to within 50°C. Please also refer to "5. Handling" for SMT relays.
- Permanent magnets are used in polarized relays. For this reason, when magnets, transformers, or speakers are located nearby the relay characteristics may change and faulty operations may result.
- The relay maintains constant sealability under normal atmospheric pressure (810 to 1,200 hPa). Its sealability may be degraded or the relay may be deformed and malfunction if it is used under barometric conditions exceeding the specified range.
- If excessive vibration or shock is applied to the relay, it may malfunction, and the contacts remain closed. Vibration or shock applied to the relay during operation may cause considerable damage to or wearing of the contacts. Note that operation of a snap switch mounted close to the relay or shock due to the operation of magnetic solenoid may also cause malfunctioning.



4. Notes on mounting relays

- When mounting a relay onto a PC board using an automatic chip mounter, if excessive force is applied to the cover of the relay when the relay is chucked or inserted, the cover may be damaged, or the characteristics of the relay degraded. Keep the force applied to the relay to within 1 kg.
- Avoid bending the pins to temporarily secure the relay to the PC board. Bending the pins may degrade sealability or adversely affect the internal mechanism.
- It is recommended to solder the relay onto a PC board under the following conditions:

<1> Reflow soldering

Refer to the recommended soldering temperature profile. Please note that excessive heating beyond the specified peak temperature or heating time will damage the airtightness.

<2> Flow soldering

Solder temperature: 260°C max., Time: 5 s max.

Preheating: 110~ 120°C /110 s. (max.)

EM Devices recommends cooling down a printed circuit board less than 110°C within 40 seconds after soldering.

<3> Manual soldering

Solder temperature: 350°C, Time: 3 s max.

Avoid immersing the relay in cleaning solvent immediately after soldering due to the danger of thermal shock being applied to the relay.

- Use an alcohol-based or water-based cleaning solvent. Never use thinner and benzene because they may damage the relay housing.
- Do not use ultrasonic cleaning because the vibration energy generated by the ultrasonic waves may cause the contacts to remain closed.

5. Handling

- Relays are packaged in magazine cases for shipment. If a space is created in the case after some relays have been removed, be sure to insert a stopper to secure the remaining relays in the case. If relays are not well secured, vibration during transportation may cause malfunctioning of the contacts.
- Exercise care in handling the relay so as to avoid dropping it or allowing it to fall. Do not use a relay that has been dropped. If a relay drops from a workbench to the floor, a shock of 9,800 m/s² (1,000 G) or more is applied to the relay, possibly damaging its functions. Even if a light shock has been applied to the relay, thoroughly evaluate its operation before using it.
- Latching relays are factory-set to the reset state for shipment. A latching relay may be set, however, by vibration or shock applied while being transported. Be sure to forcibly reset the relay before using it in the application set. Also note that the relay may be set by unexpected vibration or shock when it is used in a portable set.

- The sealability of a surface mount type (SMT) relay may be lost if the relay absorbs moisture and is then heated during soldering. When storing relays, therefore, observe the following points:

<1> For standard packing

(a). Pack state

Term: Less than 12 months after our shipment.
(Recommend using the product as soon as possible.)

Conditions: <30 °C, <60% RH

(b). Require bake before mounting, when relays not used within the above (a) period or was stored outside above (a) conditions.

Simple relay: Please dehumidify 85 ± 5 °C, 48 hours or more after transferring to a heat-resistant container.

Tape packing: Please dehumidify 50 ± 5 °C, 300 hours or more in reel condition.

Tube packaging should be baking on simple relays, removed from tube.

Relays after baking should be mounted within 3 months under the conditions in (a).

Standard packaging specification products do not meet with the JEDEC standard's Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) because they are not MBB packaged. If MSL compliance is required, use MBB packaging specification products.

<2> For MBB packing

(a). MBB state

Term: Less than 12 months after our shipment

Conditions: <30 °C, <60% RH

(b). After opening of MBB

Term: Within the time limit indicated on the caution label attached to MBB.

Conditions: <30 °C, <60% RH

(c). Require bake before mounting, when relays not used within the above (a) or (b) period or was stored outside above conditions.

Simple relay: Please dehumidify 85 ± 5 °C, 48 hours or more after transferring to a heat-resistant container.

Tape packing: Please dehumidify 50 ± 5 °C, 300 hours or more in reel condition. Please keep in mind that barrier pack needs to remove in that case.

Relays after baking should be mounted within the time limits according to MSL on the caution label under the conditions in (b).

The humidity indicator card included in MBB package immediately after opening should also be used as a basis for judging baking procedures.



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